		Preparing for Long Division Name:							
Determine the best answer for the following questions. Answers									
Ex)	8 times	5 is as close to 44 as you can get, without going over. $8 \times 5 = 40$	Ex. 5						
1)	9 times	is as close to 31 as you can get, without going over.	1						
2)	4 times	is as close to 22 as you can get, without going over.	2.						
3)	5 times	is as close to 43 as you can get, without going over.	3						
4)	10 times _	is as close to 29 as you can get, without going over.	4						
5)	5 times	is as close to 33 as you can get, without going over.	5						
6)	9 times	is as close to 47 as you can get, without going over.	6						
7)	8 times	is as close to 21 as you can get, without going over.	7						
8)	7 times	is as close to 36 as you can get, without going over.	8						
<b>9</b> )	2 times	is as close to 9 as you can get, without going over.	9						
10)	9 times	is as close to 50 as you can get, without going over.	10						
11)	3 times	is as close to 13 as you can get, without going over.	11						
12)	8 times	is as close to 39 as you can get, without going over.	12						
13)	7 times	is as close to 57 as you can get, without going over.	13						
14)	4 times	is as close to 23 as you can get, without going over.	14						
15)	5 times	is as close to 44 as you can get, without going over.	15						
<b>16</b> )	6 times	is as close to 62 as you can get, without going over.	16						
17)	5 times	is as close to 13 as you can get, without going over.	17						
<b>18</b> )	7 times	is as close to 47 as you can get, without going over.	18						
<b>19</b> )	6 times	is as close to 57 as you can get, without going over.	19						
20)	8 times	is as close to 71 as you can get, without going over.	20						
	Math		65605550151050						

			Preparing for Long Division	Name: Answei	· Key			
Determine the best answer for the following questions.								
Ex)	8 times	5	is as close to 44 as you can get, without going over.	8×5=40	Ex. 5			
1)	9 times	3	is as close to 31 as you can get, without going over.	9×3=27	1. <b>3</b>			
2)	4 times	5	is as close to 22 as you can get, without going over.	4×5=20	2. 5			
3)	5 times	8	is as close to 43 as you can get, without going over.	5×8=40	3. <b>8</b>			
4)	10 times	2	is as close to 29 as you can get, without going over.	10×2=20	4. <b>2</b>			
5)	5 times	6	is as close to 33 as you can get, without going over.	5×6=30	5. <u>6</u>			
6)	9 times	5	is as close to 47 as you can get, without going over.	9×5=45	6			
7)	8 times	2	is as close to 21 as you can get, without going over.	8×2=16	7. <b>2</b>			
8)	7 times	5	is as close to 36 as you can get, without going over.	7×5=35	8			
9)	2 times	4	is as close to 9 as you can get, without going over.	2×4=8	94			
10)	9 times	5	is as close to 50 as you can get, without going over.	9×5=45	10			
11)	3 times	4	is as close to 13 as you can get, without going over.	3×4=12	11			
12)	8 times	4	is as close to 39 as you can get, without going over.	8×4=32	12			
13)	7 times	8	is as close to 57 as you can get, without going over.	7×8=56	13. <b>8</b>			
14)	4 times	5	is as close to 23 as you can get, without going over.	4×5=20	14			
15)	5 times	8	is as close to 44 as you can get, without going over.	5×8=40	15. <u>8</u>			
<b>16</b> )	6 times	10	_ is as close to 62 as you can get, without going over.	6×10=60	16. <b>10</b>			
17)	5 times	2	is as close to 13 as you can get, without going over.	5×2=10	17			
<b>18</b> )	7 times	6	is as close to 47 as you can get, without going over.	7×6=42	18			
<b>19</b> )	6 times	9	is as close to 57 as you can get, without going over.	6×9=54	19. <b>9</b>			
20)	8 times	8	is as close to 71 as you can get, without going over.	8×8=64	20. <u>8</u>			
	Math		www.CommonCoreSheets.com	1-1095908580757011-20454035302520	65 60 55 50   15 10 5 0			